

# Effective computer infrastructure monitoring

#### For Cental Management Service and beyond

Lukáš Daubner

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## **Motivation**

- If you can't measure it, you can't manage it
  - Is the study room overused or underused?
  - Where is the bottleneck?
  - Do we need to buy new a new storage/CPU/memory?
- Security
  - Are there any threats?
  - Are our data safe?
- Troubleshooting
  - What happened and where?
  - Which systems are affected?
- Higher-level management decisions
  - Prioritizing
  - Annual reports



### Environment

Central Management Service (CMS)

- Large computer infrastructure
  - ~3000 Workstations
  - ~250 Servers
- Initial monitoring state
  - Nagios
  - Custom task-specific tools
  - Distributed logs
  - Some parts aren't even checked at all



#### Task

- Centralized monitoring solution
- Data for supporting services
- Scalable and extensible solution
- Basis for data analysis
- Provide data for CSIRT



### Task - Use Cases

- Monitor service failures and behavior
- Resource utilization monitoring for servers
- Monitoring of PC study rooms
- Active Directory auditing
- Application performance
- Ease the problem tracing



## Scope

- New monitoring model
- Based on model by J. Spring
- Incorporates specifics of Central Management Service

User	
Application	
Subsystem	
Operating	
System	
Virtual	
Infrastructure	
Virtualization	
Hardware	
Network	
Facility	



# Monitoring through logs

- Logging is common practice
- Logs contain detailed information
- Metric-oriented monitoring can be reduced to log-based
- Logs are Big
  - Volume
  - Variety
  - Velocity
  - Veracity



### **Elastic Stack**

#### Advantages

- Well-known toolset
- Open source
- Strong community and support
- Large gallery of modules and extensions
- Rather simple horizontal scalability
- Disadvantages
  - DIY approach
  - Elasticsearch is primarily a search engine, not data store



#### Architecture





## **Next Steps**

#### Deploy collectors to the whole infrastructure

- Choosing the right logs
- Knowing the context
- Maintenance
- Taxonomy of logs
  - How do logs translate to events?
  - Which logs are useful?
- Analysis
  - Finding the incidents
  - Provide problem tracing and explanation